the Carlisle men do. I would have all those Northwestern States stumped by the best talkers

"I have said this to some of my friends who have manifested such delight over the President's message, and who have pushed the Mills bill through the House, and I don't find them warming up to the idea. They cay that the Northwastern States are hopelessly Republican. It would be a great thing, and we could carry some of them, but the chances of success don't warrant making the fight.

"If that is the case the President's message was a mistake, the Mills bill was a mistcke, and the St. Louis platform was a mistake. You can't expect the workmen in the factories of New York, New Jersey and Connecticut to vote for tariff reform when their employers tell them that their wages will certainly be reduced if the tariff is lowered. The issue has been made on the theory that the farmers are for lowering the duties, and if that be so it becomes the men who have made the issue to canvass the Kepublican Northwestern States in the most thorough manner, and if we wait it will be because the men who made the platform and the Mills bill have no faith in their own statements."

The tariff-reformer said: "I am not very sanguine about our ability to carry any of the Northwestern States that have always been going Republican, but the managers of the campaign ought to make the tariff campaign, and make it a hot one is those same States and act as if they expected to carry them. But what worries me most is the timidity that seems to sharacterize the work of the campaign in the East. Now the party managers cannot hide the tariff question in New York, New Jersey and Connecticut. It's no use for them to try it. It seems to me that they are afraid to talk tariff-

reform in the East. "That won't save us. Everybody knows that the Democratic party is now committed to the reduction of the tariff, and the only thing for us to do is to show the voters that it isn't going to burt them. It looks to me as if we might lose the Eastern Democratic States through useprinted speeches around. Some of them will be read and some won't be, and those that are read will not make nearly so much impression as speeches that are heard.

The managers of the campaign ought to have tariff-reform speeches made in every school district. Our ideas about this thing ought to be presented to the ears as well as the eyes of every voter. I think we have got to get our electoral votes where we have been getting them before, although our fellows ought to work hard in the Republican States and the Northwest. Indiana is looking pretty good for us, but we must have New York and New Jersey, and we can't get them by pretending that we are not going to meddle with the tariff. We can only get them by showing the voters that our programme will not hurt them, but, on the other hand, that the removal of taxes from raw materials will stimuate manufacturing. The New York papers are doing pretty well for us, but the national committee ought to have speakers at work in every county and precinct."

THE INDIANA CANVASS.

Details of the Successful Meeting at Rockport on Saturday Last. Correspondence of the Indianapolis Journal.

ROCKPORT, Aug. 11 .- On Saturday the Republicans of Spencer assembled at the Rockport fair grounds to ratify the national and State tickets. It was a bright, pleasant day, and about 8 o'clock A. M. wagons, buggies and other vehicles, freighted with men, women and children, began to come in from all directions, and continued to do so until at least 8,000 people had congregated at the county capital. It was decidedly the largest crowd of people that has assembled at any point in this county within the last fifteen years. A little before noon, under the leadership of Col. Jas. S. Wright, a procession was formed on Main street, and, with five bands of music and hundreds of flags and benners, the assembled multitude marched to the speaker's stand at the fair grounds in the immediate vicinity of the town. Hon. John L. Griffiths, of Indianapolis, candidate for Reporter of the Supreme Court; Hon. Frank B. Posey, of Pike county, and Colonel McHenry, of Owensboro, Ky., were the speakers of the day. At about I o'clock P. M. the mesting was called to order by Hon. S. E. Kercheval, who, in very appropriate and highly complimentary language, introduced as the first speaker the Hon. John L. Griffiths. For one hour Mr. Griffiths addressed the audience. His speech embraced the tariff, the gerrymander the State by the the shameful management of the State benevolent institutions, and civil-service reform under the present national administration. In the course of his speech, he portrayed, in eloquent words, the noble character and spotless record of Gen. Ben Harrison, at the mention of whose name the immouse audience responded with tremendous applause. The speech of Mr. Griffiths was a splendid effort, and accomplished much Hou. Frank B. Posey was next introduced.

He dwelt at some length upon the election frauds, perpetrated principally in the Southern He considered a free ballot and a fair. count the most important question of the day, and went on to show how the loyal people of the South are virtually disfranchised at every election. He discussed the tariff issue at length, comparing the periods of protection to those of free trade, proving by the facts of history the prosperity of the former and the depressions of the latter. He showed conclusively how protection to American industries had brought about competition, reduced prices, created a home market, and made this country the most prosperous on the face of the earth. His speech was logical, forcible and unanswerable.

Colonel McHenry, the third speaker, being a Kentuckian, gave an interesting account of the growth of the Republican party in his State. He was hopeful that "Old Kentuck" would ere long wheel into line as a Republican State. He spoke about an hour, and was frequently interrupted by applause from the audience. The speaking lasted four hours, and was listened to with close and deep attention throughout the entire time. At the close three cheers were given for the National and State tickets, and for the Republicans of Kentucky, after which Hon. S. E. Kercheval extended an invitation to all to come forward to the speaker's stand and shake hands with Hon. John S. Griffiths, candidate for Supreme Court reporter. For some time the immense throng pressed forward and gave Mr. Griffiths one of the most enthusiastic greetings that any public man ever received in this county. It will be remembered that Mr. Kercheval and Mr. Griffitha were the two leading competitors at the late State convention for the nomination of Reporter of the Supreme Court, but at the nomination of Gen. Alvin P. Hovey, of this district, for Governor. Mr. Kerebeval withdrew his name, and the nomination fell upon Mr. Griffiths. After the convention Mr. Kercheval, who is "first a Republican and then a candidate," returned home with unabated zeal, and determined, as chairman of the county central committee, to give his successful competitor a cordial reception, such as took place upon this occasion.

Democratic Methods.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal CAMBRIDGE CITY, Aug. 13.-Another cheap trick of the extremely "cleanly and honorable" Democratic campaign managers has been brought to the notice of the Journal correspondent. Ham Bratton resides at Stranghus, and is known as a life-long Democrat of the bitterest and most uncompromising kind. He has recently been traveling in different portions of the State, ostensibly as a fruit-tree canvasser, but really an agent of the Democratic managers, and his work is to advance the prohibition sentiment among farmers who are known to be Republicans. Among his neighbors he does not deny the truth of the statement and seems to think it a very cunning piece of pelitical work. When my informant was asked if Bratton had any influence at home he answered that "he is too well known." In the vicinity of Hopewell and Salem the Republicans are making steady gains, one recruit in particular being Mr. Henry Bateman, who had always been a Democrat, but who couldn't stand it any longer. A party organ declared that if he didn't renounce his new party affiliation it would publish his character. Mr. B. would have nothing to fear from such a course as he is a gentleman, a member of the Friends' Church, and in every way a man of sterling character. He made the remark that while he was a believer in Democracy he probably was an object of pity, but he

felt that he was "born again into a better faith." Meetings in Purnam County.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal GREENCASTLE, Aug. 13 .- On Saturday the Republicans in the vicinity of Buck Chapel raised a pole 190 feet high, which they believe to be the tallest pole thus far raised in the State. From the top of the pole floats a small flag; fifteen feet lower floats a streamer bearing the names of Harrison and Morton; fifteen feet lower floats another streamer bearing the word "Protection," and fifteen feet lower still floats the stars and stripes-a magnificent flag. When the pole had been quickly and successfully ty of vigor and depth of feeling rarely found elseraised, and the streamers and stars and stripes | where

had been run up to their places the crowd broke out into a cheer of enthusiasm. It was to be an "all-day meeting," and after dinner in the woods, Hon. A. N. Grant, of Kekomo, spoke for over an hour and a half on national issues. He was followed by Hon. George Hanna and Hon. Silas Hays, candidate for the Legislature,

On the same day a pole was raised in the eastern part of the county, in Marjon township, at which place Prof. John Clark Ridpath made one of his characteristic speeches on the tariff, awakening much thought and arousing great enthusiasm among Republicans. If the State central committee can secure fifteen or twenty speeches from Professor Ridpath during the campaign it will be a great stroke and result in much good to the cause.

Decatur County's Harrison Visitors.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. GREENSBURG, Aug 13 .- At the meeting of the Harrison Club to-night all necessary arrangements were completed for the visit to General Harrison on Wednesday. A large delegation from all parts of county will be headed by the largest golden eagle in captivity-Old Abe No. 2--which will be presented to the State central committee, to occupy a place in their rooms at Indianapolis during the campaign. This fine bird was captured by Mr. V. P. Harris last winter, three miles northeast of town. One feature of the delegation will be the Camback Club of first voters, in a body. The veterans of 1840 will also attend. Reports from all parts of the county indicate unusual enthusiasm, and a number of conversions from the free-trade doctrine of Democracy to the protection of Americans by Re-

Shelby County Republicans. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

SHELFYVILLE, Aug. 13.-The Republicans of Union township held a meeting on Saturday night which was attended by hundreds of Republicans and quite a number of Democrats. It was decided by the meeting to organize a uniformed company at once, which will be one of the features of the campaign. A glee club made its first appearance for the campaign and discoursed sweet music to the crowd. Splendid speeches were made by Edward Chadwick and David L. Wilson, wellknown attorneys of this city, who handled the tariff and temperance issues in an admirable

The Charlestown Club.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. CHARLESTOWN, Aug. 13.-The Young Men's Republican Club of Clark county met at their hall for their biennial election of officers, which ulted as follows: Charles P. McCoy, president; James F. Teaple and John McCoy, vicepresidents; James Morrow, secretary; H. D. Rogers, corresponding secretary. The club decided to erect a double log cabin for their headquarters.

Meeting at Metamora.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. METAMORA, Aug. 13.-The Republicans of Metamora township held an enthusiastic meeting here Saturday night. Speeches were delivered by H. M. Gordon and H. R. Lennard, after which a Harrison and Morton club was organized with 125 members.

OTHER POLITICAL NEWS.

Young Mr. Thurman Goes To and Fro in the Land and Acquires Information.

special to the Indiana offs Journal COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 13.-Allen W. Thurman, son of the Democratic candidate for Vice-president, who has just returned from a trip to the Pacific coast, in an interview to-day, said he was very much pleased with the political situation as he found it in the Western States. "Father has many warm supporters," said he, "among old leaders of the Republican in California. The Chinese question is the leading one there. The present restriction law does not prevent immigration of the Chinese. Fully 1,800 have got into California in the last month. Our position on the tariff will make us very strong in Colorado and Minnesota. In the latter State the result is very much in doubt. Illinois will elect the Democratic candidate for Governor. but we may not carry the State on the national ticket. There is no question in my mind about the result in Indiana. The Democrats will carry it by a large majority."

Row in a Virginia Convention. WOODSTOCK, Va., Aug. 13 .- The Republicans held a meeting here to-day to elect a county chairman. The convention broke up in a row. and there was a general fight. A misunderstanding arose between Senator Riddleberger and the chairman, W. W. Logan, Somebody struck the Senator a heavy blow on the back of the head. In an instant there was an uproar, and it looked as though blood would flow, but the meeting was bastily adjourned and the trouble smoothed over for the present.

A Notable Conversion.

BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 13 .- Judge Yellott. elected county judge of Baltimore county on the Democratic ticket, says he will vote for Harrison and Morton. He believes that the Republican ticket will be elected on account of the position the Democrats have taken on the tariff.

THE FIRE RECORD.

Burning of the Convent of the Sacred Heart, at New York-Loss, About \$300,000. New York, Aug. 13 .- The convent of the

Sacred Heart, on One-hundred-and-thirty-second street, between Tenth and St. Nicholas avenues, was consumed by fire to-night. It was an immense building, with a frontage of 300 feet, including an east and west wing, each of which was about 100 feet square. It has long been known as a place of excellence in educaand prominence have been educated there. There were 195 persons in the convent at the time of the fire, all of whom escaped without injury. The loss is about \$300,000, on which there is only insurance of about \$200,000. The fire started in the cupola of the building, which was undergoing extensive alterations. Plumbers were at work there during the day and left a little charcoal furnace burning in the cupola. It was about 8:10 o'clock when Mother Super-

ior Jones, vicar of the Eastern Provinces, saw smoke in the upper part of the house. Mother Duffy had charge of fifty children who were all in the chapel praying at the time. The Feast of the Assumption is on Wednesday, and the altar was decorated. Mother Duffy got the children together and took them out through the porch to the rear of the building and away from danger. The women might have extinguished the flames, it was thought, as the fire worked along slowly at first, but they delayed sending out an alarm for the fire department. The building was located on a hill, and the engines had to be pulled up the hill with ropes. High wind and a scarcity of water made the work of the firemen

almost useless. No one was seriously injured, and all valuable relies and paintings were saved. The inmates were promptly cared for. The whole building was four-stories high and of brown stone, with a mansard roof.

At 1:25 A, M. the west wing was all burned out, as well as the main building, and the east wing was doomed. The new building in the rear of the west wing is safe.

Barn Struck by Lightning.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. SHELBYVILLE, Aug. 13 .- The large barn of Jacob Miller, in the northern part of the county, was struck by lightning last night and con-sumed, including farming implements, wheat, etc. The loss is about \$2,000, with an insurance of \$600 in the Continental.

Mr. Blaine's Relation to the Canvass.

New York Press. The national committee found Mr. Blaine simply himself. He insisted in the first place that there should be no "star" business about him. He must be treated exactly as all the other speakers were. He would have no special train to Boston, but would go like the private citizen and worker in the ranks that he was. He was, he said, entirely at the service of Senator Quay and the national committee, and would speak as often as they desired and whereever they wished. He wanted any idea that he was apathetic stamped out. The committee

knew that already. The Indiana Campaigners.

Washington Post. It is probable that more of the war feeling survives in Indiana than in any other State, a fact which may be accounted for by peculiar events that occurred there during the years of our great national upheaval. We may add that po other State had a war Governor so capable as was Oliver P. Morton of indelibly impressing his sentiments on his contemporaries. All the prominent indiana Republicans of to-day were drilled in the Morton school of politics, and their methods of campaigning show an intensi-

INDIANA AND ILLINOIS NEWS

The Daily Chronicle of Happenings of Various Kinds in the Two States.

School-Teachers Discuss Their Profession in Institutes-Unfavorable Crop Weather in Illinois-Notes and Gleanings.

INDIANA.

Wayne County School-Teachers Spend Pleasant and Profitable Day at Centerville. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

CENTERVILLE, Aug. 13.-The twenty-fourth annual session of the Wayne County Teachers' Institute convened yesterday at Centerville un der the most favorable auspices, pleasant weather, an excellent attendance of enthusias tic teachers and the best of instructors. At 10 A. M. the meeting was opened by singing by the entire institute, led by Professor Reese. of Cambridge City, with Miss Bilby, of Dublin at the organ. Hev. Bowen, of this place, conducted the devotional exercises. County Superintendent Wissler delivered the welcoming address, after which he introduced President Parsons, of the State Normal. President Parsons's theme was "Education," and he treated of it as a science and an art. After a five-minutes' recess Mrs. Eudora Hailmann, of La Porte, was introduced, and read a most excellent paper on "The Origin of the Kindergarten," telling of the life and work of Freebel. Superintendent Wissler appointed a committee to prepare a programme for the evening's social, and the institute adjourned, to meet at 1:30 P. M.

At the afternoon session many new faces were seen, making the attendance of teachers over hundred. President Persons gave first of a series of five talks Sanders, superintendent of the Cambridge City schools, was introduced, and entertained the institute with an interesting talk no "Slavery, the first of a series of talks on that subject After a short recess, Mrs. Hailmann gave some practical work with the foldingsheet. At her request, and to the amusement of all, the gentlemen were called to the front seats to "learn to do by doing." Mrs. Hailmann's work was well received by every one, and out of the square of paper, clumsy fingers were taught to form all the geometrical figures. At the close of this lesson the institute was dismissed.

Putnam County School-Te Special to the Indianapolis Journal

GREENCASTLE, Aug. 13.-The Teachers' Institute of Putnam county, met this morning in the High-school building. The meeting was called to order by Superintendent Smedley and the usual routine business was taken up. The addresses of the day were delivered by Prof. Parr, of the DePauw Normal School, on "School Government," and Professor Mace, of the preparatory school, on "How to Teach Geography. Both were highly entertaining and instructive. There is an unusually large attendance, and a splendid meeting is anticipated. The meeting will continue throughout the week.

Gas for Wabash,

special to the Indianapolis Journas WABASH. Aug. 13 .- Natural gas for this city was assured to-day on the arrival of A. B. Gates and R. K. Syfers, of Indianapolis, who represent the company which is to supply this city. The pipe-line to the gas-fields is to be constructed at once, and the fluid brought here this fall. To-morrow two of the wells of the company will be "shot," and the result is awaited with great in-

Tipton County Fair,

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. TIPTON, Aug. 13.-The Tipton county fair opened here to-day, and all the time was consumed in the entry of stock and other articles. It will be the largest fair ever held in the county. All the stalls and stand room are taken, and a large force of carpenters are at work building additional stalls. Horsemen are here from all parts of the State.

Minor Notes. The saloon at Cutler was blown up at 12:30, Sunday night, by the citizens. They used a powerful charge of dynamite. The building is

a total wreck. Some one entered Sheriff Bence's bed-room at Corydon, Saturday night, secured the keys to the jail, and liberated John Dillard, who was

confined on a charge of larceny. Celia Nolan, the two-year-old daughter of Mrs. Minnie Nolan, of Latayette, fell into a cistern and was drowned. The accident was not discovered until hours after it occurred

John A. Christen, a contractor of Decatur. while at work on the Catholic Church at Monroeville, fell to the ground, breaking three ribs and sustaining internal injuries that may prove fatal. James W. DeHoff, a lad about eighteen years old, fell from the mast of a derrick on a stone pile yesterday, at the quarry of the Sand Creek Limestone Company, south of Greensburg, and was seriously hurt. No bones were broken, and

Two men are under arrest at Frankfort as suscicious characters. On their persons was found a lot of razors bearing the brand of the Union Cutlery Company, the instruments bearing the name "Our Mascot." The men are held, in order to learn if they are wanted in any other city for

ILLINOIS.

The Weather Unfavorable for the Growth or Care of Crops.

SPRINGFIELD, Aug. 13 .- According to reports received by the State Department of Agricultare the weather during the past week was unfavorable for the growth or care of crops. The prevailing cloudiness, low temperature, and heavy rains proved injurious. The corn crop. however, except in a few sounties, is making a rank growth, and a number of correspondents call attention to a very large average number of ears to the stalk. In not a few cases observers report more stalks with five or more ears than heretofore noticed. The unseasonable weather of late has reminded many farmers of the severe August frost of 1863, when equally as favorable prospects for corn, as at present, were so seriously damaged. The weather seriously interfered with stacking or threshing wheat and oats, and in some portions of the State the stacks have been so wet as to necessitate the opening of the same. The que'ity of the grain threshed generally grades low, and considerable of the good wheat in central Illineis has been damaged since the harvest by excessive moisture. The condition of pasture and meadows continues to improve and is much above an August average. The crop of fruit, taking into consideration the number of bearing trees, is not much above

Want Their Losses Made Good. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MATTOON, Aug. 13 .- The citizens of Neoga. who have lost about twenty cows from Texas fever, have presented claims against the Illinois Central Railroad Company for their value, ciaiming that said company's fences being down for two miles south of Neoga permitted the cows to pasture upon the right of way and contract the disease from the bedding dropped from cars in transit. No fever has been found In this city, as stated in a former dispatch by mistake, Neoga being the only point in this section where cattle have been affected by it.

Business Rivatry Engs to Murder. PEORIA, Aug. 13.-Lincoln Heaton was murdered by Will Sherman, at Bromfield, this county, this afternoon. The two men are butchers. and conducted rival shops. A feud of several years' standing has existed between them. Sherman armed himself with a butcher-knife. and, passing Heaton's shop, bantered him out to fight. Heaton came out, and as he did so Sherman plunged his butcher-knife into his breast, killing him instantly.

Brief Mention.

Dr. Newton Bateman has withdrawn his resignation of the presidency of Knox College. and writes from Maine that he will remain at the head of the college for another year and also bear his recitations. His health has improved remarkably.

The comrades of the Department of Illinois, G. A. R., will present the name of Col. James A. Sexton, of Chicago, for commanderin-chief of the G. A. R. of the United States at the twenty-second annual encampment at Columbus. O., Sept. 11, 12 and 13. Colonel Sexton is the present efficient commander of the

Department of Illinois. Sheriff D. T. Michaels went to Decatur on Sunday and arrested Frank Green and his step-mother, who had eloped, brought them to Taylorville and lodged them in jail. They were not arrested for eloping, but under a warrant sworn out by Green's father for larceny, I having packed up the old gentleman's house- | morrow, on church business.

hold effects and fled. They were found at the Washington House, and were registered as Mr. and Mrs. Sikes. The elopers are about thirty years old each.

THE FIFTIETH CONGRESS.

The Senate Considers the Fisheries Treaty, but Adjourns Without Taking a Vote. WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—The resolution offered last Friday by Mr. Edmunds, calling on the Attorney-general for copies of correspondence between the Department of Justice and the supervisor of elections in the city of New York, on the subject of registration and election, was taken up, and its purpose was explained by him. He understood that the head of the Department of Justice had undertaken to notify the super visor of elections in New York (in advance) that, while the statute gave him ten days in which to perform his duties, he would be paid only for five days. If that statement were true, as he most earnestly hoped it was not, it would seem to require some explanation as to what authority the Department of Justice claimed to have in determining how long an officer should be paid for a service imposed upon him by the statute. After a brief discussion the resolution was adopted. The Senate then resumed consideration of the

fisheries treaty in open executive session, and was addressed by Mr. Call, in support of ratifi-At the close of Mr. Call's speech, the presiding officer-Mr. Cockrell in the chair-announced the question to be on Mr. Morgan's motion to postpone the consideration of the treaty till December next, and asked whether the Senate was

Mr. Gray said that before the vote was taken he desired to say something on the motion. He then began a speech in favor of postponing con-sideration until December next. After further debate, and without reaching vote, the Senate adjourned.

Mr. Hoar-On that motion I call for the yeas

Proceedings of the House.

ready for the question.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13 .- Mr. Buchanan, of New Jersey, offered a resolution directing the committee on printing to investigate the truth of the allegation of a New York paper that the Public Printer is buying felt for printing in England. Referred.

Mr. Dubois, of Idaho, offered a resolution calling on the Attorney-general for a list of pardons granted by the President to persons convicted of the crime of unlawful cohabitation in Utah and Idaho since March 4, 1886. Referred. resolution appropriating \$20,000 to aid in suppressing infectious diseases in the United Referred

The floor was then accorded to the committee on the District of Columbia. The first bill called up, authorizing the commissioners of the District of Columbia to condemn property on Rock creek for park purposes, gave rise to a protracted discussion. Mr. Stockdale was the principal opponent of

the measure, and he argued that the government had no right to condemn private property for public amusement. He incidentally alluded to the proposed zoological park, and ridiculed the idea of the government going into the menagerie business. Mr. Atkinson, of Pennsylvania, suggested

that there was nothing inappropriate in the government going into the menagerie business, after it had sunk \$1,000,000 in the show business in New Orleans. Mr. Stockdale replied that the "show business" in New Orleans was an exposition to show the world how the United States had progressed

in industries and art. Mr. Atkinson said that the purpose of a zoo-logical park was to educate the people in regard to the habits of the animals confined there; and remarked that the government was already in possession of two buffalces.

The educating powers of two buffalos were sarcastically commented upon by Mr. Stockdale, who referred to the pleasure which his constituents would have when they traveled from Mississippi to Washington for the purpose of seeing the two buffaloes. The bill was finally recom-

On motion of Mr. Matson, the Senate bill was passed increasing to \$30 a month the rate of pension for total deafness. Mr. Warner, of Missouri, asked unanimous consent for immediate consideration of the dependent pension bill, but Mr. Walker, of Mis-

ouri, objected.

The House then went into committee of the whole on the fortifications appropriation bill. No time was consumed in general debate, and the committee immediately preceded to consideration of the bill by sections. Mr. Townshend raised a point of order against

the section providing for a gun factory at Watervliet Arsenal, contending that the committee on appropriations had no jurisdiction over this subject, but that it belonged to the committee on military affairs. The point of order was combated by Messrs.

Butterworth and Ryan, of Kansas, while Messra. Maish, Hooker and Laird contended that it was well taken, but pending a decision the committee rose and the House adjourned.

General Sheridan's Will. WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—The will of the late General Sheridan, dated May 25, 1888, was today admitted to probate. He left to his wife one-third of all his personal property, the same in lieu of dower. To Mrs. Kate Sheridan (his mother) since deceased, he left the Ohio homestead, to revert to his son, Phil H. Sheridan, in fee-simple. All the rest of the property he leaves to his wife, M. V. Sheridan and Linden Kent, his attorney, in trust, to recover rents, etc., for maintenance and education of his four children, and if more than necessary, the excess to be paid to his wife. As each of his children shall reach the age of twenty-one years the trustees shall assign to such child its share in the estate. He gives the care and guardianship of his children to his wife, and names the trustees also as executrix and executors. The petition states that his personal estate consists of \$2,721 in money, \$8,000 in stocks, etc., \$5,000 in swords, etc., \$3,000 in household furniture, \$600 in horse and carriage, and \$500 in the house at Nonquitt; and the indebtedness is not more than \$1.250. Letters testamentary were granted Mrs. Sheridan, Colonel Sheridan and Mr. Kent

on bond of \$2,500. Command of the Army. WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.-General Schofield and staff are at army headquarters yet and will probably remain there until the order assigning the General to the command is issued. This order must come from the President, who did not come in from Oak View to-day. Officers at the War Department feel that as there is no pressing need the order will not be issued for several days.

General Notes.

inclined to please party leaders.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.-James H. Rice, of Indianapolis, is here conferring with Democrats on the political outlook. There is not near so much talk by Indiana Democrats in Washington now about carrying the State as there was a fortnight since, and the additions that are being made to the national Democratic committee of men in Indiana are creating comment not at all

The Secretary of War has notified the persons who are opposed to the Mulberry-street site for the proposed Louisville and Jeffersonville bridge that he will suspend action in the matter for thirty days, in order that they may have time to prepare and submit their objections. The Secretary of the Interior has issued an order directing that on Sept 1, next, Indian

agents will be permitted to nominate their own clerks and other subordinates, subject to the approval of the Secretary. This supersedes and revokes the policy introduced at the beginning of the present administration.

Disappointed. New York Mail and Express.

Our Democratic contemporaries seem sadly disappointed that they cannot stir up Republican jealousies in connection with Mr. Blaine's return. In fact they find that Mr. Blaine's presence and utterances tend to make Republicans all the more united and earnest in their admiration and support of Harrison and Morton. Mr. Blaine's example of loyal and sincere devotion to the cause and to its standard-bearers is a fresh element of Republican strength.

Steamship News.

New York, Aug. 13.—Arrived: Ems, from Bremen; Glenshiel, from Yokohama. LONDON, Aug. 13.-Passed Prawle Point: Donas, from Baltimore for Bremen. QUEENSTOWN, Aug. 13.-Arrived: City Chicago, Spain, from New York. GLASGOW, Aug. 13.-Arrived: Ripon City, from Baltimore.

Cardinal Gibbons. CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 13.-Cardinal Gibbons, of Baltimore, arrived in Cleveland late last night, and to-day was the guest of Bishop Gil-mour. He will leave for Fort Wayne, Ind., toFIGHTING IN AFRICA.

Treachery Results in the Slaughter of 350 Bashi-Bazouks and Their Italian Officers. ROME, Aug. 13.-An official dispatch received from Massowah contains the following startling intelligence: "Three hundred and fifty auxiliary troops, under the command of Italian officers, have been destroyed by Abyssinians. The killed included all the officers. An attack was being made by the auxiliaries upon Saganeti. The catastrophe was due to treachery on the part of native allies, who joined the enemy dur-

ing the fighting." The Abyssinian chief Debeb had assembled a force of 470 men, with the intention of raiding the Arkiko district. The Italian commander at Massowab, hearing of the intended raid, sent 600 Bashi-Bazouks, under the command of five Italian officers, to try to surprise Debeb's force. On the road the officers enlisted the services of 200 members of the Assaortin tribe. Sagapeti was reached on Wednesday last, and it was found that Debeb had been warned of their approach and had intreneded his position. An attack was made by the Italian force, however, and they succeeded in carrying the village. But during the assault the Assaurtins proved treacherous and made an attack on the Italian rear. The Bashi-Bazonks became panic stricken and were massacreed while endeavoring to fly. Forty Assaortins have been arrested and are held as Victoria Bested by Bismarck.

London, Aug. 13 .- The Pall Mall Gazette announced in its issue of this afternoon that Em press Victoria, of Germany, has finally conceded to the German authorities the right her late husband's papers and assured Prince Bismarck of their immediate delivery into the hands of the proper persons. The reason for her Majesty's yielding is stated to be a threat by Prince Bismarck to delay the opening of the Emperor's will until the pers should be returned. As the royal lady depends wholly upon the provisions of the will for future allowance, the statement possesses elements of truth which cannot be ignored, since it is in the power of the Chancellor to postpone the opening and reading of the will indefinitely in the absence of a positive order from the Emperor to the contrary—an order the Kaiser would be very unlikely to issue. Thus again it would seem that her Majesty's attempts to coerce the iron Chancellor have re-

sulted in his coercing her. The Volcanic Eruptions in Japan.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 13.-Further advices regarding the volcanic eruptions in Japan state that the small villages of Kishizawa, Akimoto and Hosono, in Hinokihara-Mura, were covered with sand and ashes, and the site on which they stood is thrown into a mountain. The number of persons burned in these villages is entirely unknown, but it is believed that no one there escaped alive. The following villages suffered the most: At Mina forty-five residences were destroyed and twelve persons killed; at Shibuva seventeen residences were destroyed and twenty persons killed and wounded: at Nagaska twenty five residences were destroyed and ninety-eight persons killed; at Horiki thirty-seven residences were destroyed and no one was killed; the people fled.

the Times is £50,000. He bases his action on letters which the Times published in 1887 and on letters and statements introduced by the defense in the trial of O'Donnell's case against the Times. The trial will take place before Lord Kinner, of the Court of Sessions, in Edinburgh. The St. James Gazette surmises that Mr. Parnell, when asked to testify before the commission of inquiry, will refuse, on the ground that if he gave evidence before the commission he would prejudice his suit against the Times by disclosing his case.

Parnell's Libel Suit.

which Mr. Parnell asks for in his suit against

LONDON, Aug. 13.-The amount of damages

Important Capture at Queenstown.

London, Aug. 13. - Delia Moriarty, a passenger on the steamer City of Chicago, which arrived at Queenstown to-day, from New York, was arrested by the Queenstown authorities for concealing and trying to take ashore a revolver and one hundred rounds of ammunition. The weapon and ammunition belonged to Edward Fitzgerald, another passenger, who was also arrested. He had given them to the woman to take ashore, under the impression that there would be less danger of detection than if he carried them himself.

He Didn't Shoot at Boulanger. Paris, Aug. 13.—General Boulanger returned to Paris last night from his tour. After an examination the magistrates of Jt. Jean d' Anglay ordered the release from custody of Professor Berrin, who was charged with attempting to shoot General Boulanger during a political fight at that place. It is stated that Professor Parrin was knocked down by partisans of General Boulanger; that he fired at his assailants in self-defense, and that he did not aim at General Boulanger. many participants in the fight have

been arrested. Von Moltke Placed on the Retired List. BERLIN, Aug. 13.-General Von Moltke has been placed on the retired list of the army. General Von Waldersee succeeds him. Em peror William has written General Von Moltke gracious and affectionate letter nominating him a president of the country defense.

Foreign Notes. The Siemens steel-works, at Landers, near

Swansea, have been suddenly closed and thousands of men thrown out of work. While attempting to ascend the Dent du Midi two Englishmen fell over a precipice. One of them was seriously injured, and the other has

not been found. A dispatch from India says there are 3,000 reinforced Thibetans in Jelapta Pass. A British force 1,800 strong, with four mountain guns, is marching to attack them.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES. W. W. Hodges, a paper-hanger, was drowned last night at Portland, Ky., while bathing. He was forty-five years old and unmarried. At Mifflinsville, Pa., Sunday evening, two

brothers, Amandus and William Holler, were drowned in the Susquehanna river in sight of Miss Eliza Pyle, aged nineteen, was drowned in Shark river, near Asbury Park, last night, by being thrown overboard from a yacht. The

oody has not been recovered. An elderly white man, supposed to be Michael Mahoney, of Staunton, Va., was struck by a Western & Atlantic train, near Atlanta, Ga., yesterday, and instantly killed.

John Daugherty, aged twenty-seven, clerk on the steamer Rob Roy, was run over and killed yesterday, on the Memphis levee, by a freight train of the Kansas City railroad. James Schoolcraft, an employe in a Louisville oil refinery, was caught between the cars in

switching cars at the refinery, yesterday, and was fatally crushed. He was twenty-six, and At a meeting of the trustees of Wells College. recently burned at Aurora, N. Y., held yester-day, it was decided to build on the same site, but after different plans, at an expense of not

less than \$100,000. G. W. Carpenter, a lawyer of 18 Wall street, New York, jumped from the steamship Arizona, in mid-ocean, Thursday last, and was drowned. He had been abroad for his health, having shown signs of brain trouble.

The bodies of Miss Milliken and Mr. Reed who are missing from Bar Harbor, have not been found. It is feared that Miss Milliken's mother will not recover from the shock caused by the young lady's unbappy fate.

Another dead body was recovered, yesterday, from the ruins of the Chattanooga fire of Thursday night, being the fifth that has been taxen out. The remains were those of George Robinson, colored. It is believed that other bodies will yet be found in the ruins. J. H. Partrick and wife, Senator C. F. Manderson and wife, H. W. Yates and wife, R. W.

Partrick and John Partrick, R. S. Eberlin, of

Omaha and W. W. Walker, of Salt Lake, passed through South Norwalk, Conn., yesterday afternoon in a ten-horse coach from Omaha, en route to the White mountains. The real estate valuation of Boston increased the past year \$15,842,100, and the personal property valuation \$963,800; total increase, \$16,805,-900. Increase in number of polls, 4,926. In

ward Eleven (Back Bay), the gain in real estate valuation was \$2,838,900. The gain in female voters was 126, making the total of female The bodies of two men were found on the shore of Bart lake, near Cheboygan, Mich., yesterday. They are probably those of the two men lost from a boat in the vicinity recently, and supposed to be from Battle Creek. The steamer Northern Belle found the boat on Fri-

photographer's outfit. The bodies are supposed to be the remains of L. Morey, of Min neapolis, and S. W. Bell, of North Adams.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

There assembled in Indianapolis last week a

convention purporting to be representatives of

The "Labor Vote" Traders. To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journals

the trade-unions of Indiana, thereby to a great extent representing the laboring men of Indiana. I ask when did the intelligent reading workingmen of Indiana surrender the right of thinking and acting for themselves, and voting for the man or party that will best serve the interest of all the people, and turn it over to the Ed Goulds. Leffingwells and Hannegans-political trimmers. and men who think they carry somebody's vote in their vest pocket; men who organized and got up the convention in the interest of the Democratic party! No man was admitted unless he was a Democrat. No working man was wanted there who was in favor of General Harrison. That convention was organized and run by men who always try to deceive workingmen of the State and land them in the ranks of free-trade Democracy, while the Goulds and his kind drop into a soft place in the party for their services. When Mr. Shields, through the votes of his Republican friends, was elected City Clerk, Gould was made his deputy for his great services to the local Democracy. . He and the organizers of that convention belong to a class of workmen that Sim Coy said "When we want them we can get them," and by their action in that convention he must have got them. As a workingman all my life I deny the right of that class of alleged workingmen to speak for me or for thousands of other workingmen in the State of Indiana. They denounce the Journal for doing just what the Sentinel did, and not a word about the Sentinel. They denounce General Harrison, misrepresent and lie about him. Every workingman in the State knows that General Harrison has never said or done one thing that any man should vote against him who believes in the policy of the Republican party. They said not a word about Governor Williams; not a word about Governor Hendricks, who sent a company of soldiers to Knightsville during the coal miners' strike there. Every one of these great "walking delegates" voted for Governor Williams and Hen-dricks. They tell us that Cleveland is the workingman's friend-a man who, as Governor of New York, vetoed the bill establishing a de-partment of labor, and vetoed nine other bills in the interest of workingmen of the State. The workingmen from the shop and factory who believe in the principles of the Republican party ought to meet in your city and denounce the foul slander put apon us by the Ed Goulds and Hannegans. I know a majority of the men employed in the shops and factories of In-diana are for the soldier and statesman-general, Harrison, for President. We will have to do as our railroad men did. Some men who are workingmen must call a State convention of workingmen who are in favor of Harrison, and show to the people of this country that the true workingmen of this State take no stock in the Goulds or Hannegaus. They said all the railroad men were against Harrison; you don't hear anybody say that now. GREENCASTLE, Aug. 10.

The Pigeons and the Kite.

To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal: Notwithstanding the free-trade instincts of the Democravic party, as evidenced by its declaration made so long ago as 1856, that "the time has come for the people of the United States to declare themselves in favor of progressive free trade thoroughout the world," the people in 1884 permitted themselves to be lulled into a sense of security by the following declaration of that party: "The necess-ry reduction in taxation can and must be effected without depriving American labor of the ability to compete successfully with foreign 1-bor and without imposing lower rates of duty than will be ample to "ver any increased cost of production which may exist in consequence of the higher rate of wages prevailing in this cou-try."
This is a direct recognition of the doctrine of protection. As the result of listening to this siren rong, Crover Cleveland was permitted to assume the reins of government. Within three years thereafter this same Grover Cleveland, aided and abetted by the free-trade wing of his party and the Cobden Club, of England, made : rystematic effort to break down our Northern industries. I desire you to give space to the following fable from Æsop, as it contains a bit of viccom which has lost none of its application during the twenty-four centuries which has elapsed since it was told: "Some pigeons had long lived in fear of a kite, but, by being always on the alert, and keeping near their dove-cote, they had contrived hitherto to escape the attacks of the enemy. Finding his sallies ur uccessful the kite betook himself to craft. 'Why,' said be, 'do you prefer this life of continual -nxiety when if you would only make me your king would secure you from every attack that could

for 1888: "Turn the rascals out." A Doubtful Success.

be made upon you? The pigeons, trusting to his professions, called him to the throne; but no

sooner was he established there than he exer-

cised his prerogative by devouring a pigeon a

day. They who voluntarily put power into the

hand of a tyrant or an enemy must not wonder

if it be at last turned against themselves." Moral

New York Sun. Citizen-Well, Deacon, I s'pose the campmeeting was a great success. Deacon (dubiously)-Well, I dunno: there were forty-eight converts.
Citizen-Why, that's glorious.

Deacon-Ye-es, but thirty-seven of em 'em owe me yet for root beer and sandwiches.

Orchid Houses in England. London Truth. The Dowager Duchess of Montrose has lately expended several thousands of pounds in adding orchid and palm houses to Sefton Lodge, her residence at Newmarket. They have been built and fitted under the direction of the Duke of Marlborough, whose own orchid houses at Bien-

heim are now probably the finest in England.

He Was an American. Pittsburg Chronicle. "Are you a Democrat, my little fellow," asked a man of that persuasion of a six-year-old boy who was watching a torchlight procession. "No, sir," replied the little fellow, "I'm an

The interrogator did not pursue the subject.

Result of a Family Row. A row, resulting from a long-standing family feud, occurred last night on the corner of East and Coburn streets. Joseph Davenport has for weeks attempted to make an assault upon his brother Jacob, but each time has been prevented from so doing by friends. Last night the two met and began a settlement, when Patrick Haley interfered, only to get stretched senseless on the ground. All parties were bady bruised, and with the exception of Jacob Davenport, who escaped, were arrested by patrolman Sorters.

"Did n't Know 't was Loaded"

May do for a stupid boy's excuse; but what can be said for the parent who sees his child languishing daily and fails to recognize the want of a tonic and blood-purifier? Formerly, a course of bitters, or sulphur and molasses, was the rule in well-regulated families : but now all intelligent households keep Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which is at once pleasant to the taste, and the most searching and effective blood medicine ever discovered.

Nathan S. Cleveland, 27 E. Canton st., Boston, writes: "My daughter, now 21 years old, was in perfect health until a year ago when she began to complain of fatigue, headache, debility, dizziness, indigestion, and loss of appetite. I concluded that all her complaints originated in impure blood, and induced her to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. This medicine soon restored her blood-making organs to healthy action, and in due time reëstablished her former health. I find Ayer's Sarsaparilla a most valuable remedy for the lassitude and debility incident to

spring time.' J. Castright, Brooklyn Power Co., Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "As a Spring Medicine, I find a splendid substitute for the old-time compounds in Aver's Sarsaparilla, with a few doses of Ayer's Pills. After their use, I feel fresher and stronger to go through the summer."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Price \$1; six bottles, \$5. Worth \$5 a bottes.